

ASQUITH MINISTRY PERILS

MAY FALL BETWEEN HOME RULE AND MANHOOD SUFFRAGE

Speculations tend to verify the prophecy of a turning in the tide of British politics. The Unionists saved the cabinet from defeat Wednesday.

Special cable dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The Ministry's difficulties have accumulated to such an extent this week that it has become impossible to ignore the outbreak of discussion which prevails regarding differences in the cabinet. The talk even goes so far as to contemplate a dissolution of Parliament in the near future, though actually such an event is out of the question. Domestic rather than foreign affairs are responsible for the new conditions.

According to statements of Opposition members of Parliament, the division in the cabinet is mainly due to dissatisfaction over the support given to proposed measures now pending, and this may be confidently taken as the real explanation of the situation. This view is emphasized on Wednesday last when the Ministry narrowly escaped defeat upon an important motion.

Prime Minister Asquith in addressing the woman suffrage delegation which waited on him on the 17th admitted explicitly that his personal opposition to the enfranchisement of women was not shared by all the members of the cabinet. This statement was fully justified by the fact that the red hot suffragist speech made by Lloyd George last evening. Lloyd George's advocacy, it may be added, may not be wholly disinterested. He has fish of his own to fry and it is not impossible that he was bidding for the support of the British housewife at large, whose favor he has sadly alienated of late by the clauses for the compulsory insurance of domestic servants embraced in his general employment insurance scheme. The women who keep servants and, for that matter, the girls themselves have been flooding the newspapers of late with protests against compulsory inclusion in the pending measure.

The success of the Unionists during the week in gaining two seats in the House of Commons previously held by Liberals and in increasing their old majority in another district is attributed by the opposition largely to the unpopularity of the Lloyd George insurance scheme, which was made a prominent issue in all the contests. The results are taken as straws showing that ex-Lord Balfour's prediction that the political tide would turn soon was about to be joyously fulfilled.

It was only Unionist support that saved the Government from defeat in the House of Commons last Wednesday. A vote was taken upon a motion of Lloyd George expressing the opinion that the railway employees of the country were in duty bound to meet and discuss the recent report of the Royal Commission upon conditions of railroad labor, strikes and arbitration. The Laborite members opposed the motion because they wanted a much stronger declaration in favor of the men. Many Liberals opposed it because they considered that the employees when they returned to work at the end of the recent strike upon the promise of the Government to appoint the Royal Commission and have the conditions of railroad work investigated pledged themselves definitively to accept the result and therefore had no right to waver on the commission's findings because these did not happen to be what were hoped for. On the division seventy-one Liberals joined the Laborites and the Government would have been emphatically defeated if the Unionists had not on principle given their support not so much to the Government as to the Royal Commission.

With the week's gains the Unionists now have 275 votes in the House and the Liberals only 267. The Liberals, however, still enjoy a working majority of 110 with the aid of the Laborites and the Irish National faction. The prominence given to these facts by the opposition at the present juncture is no doubt attributable in a large degree to over-estimation of partisan hopes. But the fact remains that the Government faces a real danger upon its promise of manhood suffrage reform. Ignoring the allegations that the Ministry and the Nationalists are at odds over details of the home rule measure, there is indubitably a widespread opinion that a dissolution and an appeal to the country must inevitably follow the proposed radical change in the makeup of the mass of voters.

Here is where the opportunity for the Tory lords comes in. Despite the circumstance that the introduction of the home rule bill must precede the measure for a suffrage revolution, this having been the Ministerial programme under which the anti-Lords veto measure was passed with the aid of the Irish votes, the suffrage bill may yet reach final enactment before the home rule measure. This is the diagram: If the Lords reject the home rule bill, they almost certainly will, the bill must pass the Commons twice and be rejected by the Lords twice within two years in order to become effective without the sanction of the upper house. Now, should the manhood suffrage bill follow the first introduction of the home rule bill closely the Commons, it would quite conceivably become law before the expiration of the two years period, thus becoming the law of the land while the home rule bill was still in process of legislation.

But a dissolution and a general election should logically be the instantaneous result of the passage of the suffrage measure, and thus home rule could not be disposed of finally by the present House, but would be left for the new Parliament to settle, with all the uncertainties of the general election intervening. The situation is an extremely interesting one and the attitude which the Irish members will assume toward the suffrage scheme is anxiously awaited. It is true to say that the fate of the Ministry depends upon it.

ATTACK GOVERNOR THATCHER.

Panama Says He Meddles Perniciously in Their Politics.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25.—Headed by Mayor Gonzalez de Obaldia of Colon, a big party of prominent Panamanians addressed a letter to President Taft asking him to remove Gov. Maurice H. Thatcher of the Canal Zone immediately for "pernicious meddling" in the internal affairs of Panama. It is charged that Thatcher is virtually "boss of the province of Colon" and he is termed Maurice the Meddler.

The President is assured in the letter that Thatcher is allowed to remain in the Canal Zone existing under feeling of the American authorities and that other Panamanians will be appealed to if no redress is attainable in the United States.

SPENCER GUILTY OF MURDER.

Prisoner Receives the Decision Without Any Show of Emotion.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 25.—Guilty of murder in the first degree was the verdict brought against Bertram G. Spencer at 3:10 o'clock this morning in the Superior Criminal Court of Hampden county for the killing of Martin E. Blackstone on March 31, 1910. Spencer heard the verdict without a quiver.

The jury only fifteen minutes previously had come into the court room for instructions. They had sent to Judge Crosby the three following questions which they desired answered:

"1. If a man breaks into and enters a house with a felonious intent and is caught and found guilty is his crime punishable by life imprisonment?"

"2. What is the testimony with regard to entering the window?"

"3. Is it the privilege of this jury to bring in a verdict of guilty in the first degree, guilty in the second degree or acquittal on the ground of insanity?"

The questions were received by Judge Crosby, while he was at the Savannah Club and he immediately returned to his office in the court house. For the next hour and a half he engaged himself with the attorneys of the prosecution and defense in going over the hundreds of sheets of typewritten reports of the testimony in order to find those parts upon which the jury desired instructions.

It was learned that when the jury asked for instructions the first time its members were divided nine to three, the nine being in favor of a first degree verdict.

Every seat in the court room was filled despite the late hour as the prisoner was brought in and looked in his cage with Turner. Ward looked tired and yawning several times. The jury members filed in and the judge replied to their questions. He repeated the statute with regard to the window and, at night, which provides that any one so doing, and there being persons in the place, may be punished by imprisonment for life.

The second question, with regard to the window, had to do with whether or not the window in the Dow house was locked on the night of the murder. The judge informed the jurors that if a window was closed, as has been testified in court, the "breaking" was committed. The jury went out again at 2:55 A. M.

DAFT ON MOVING PICTURES.

Boy Who Sought Out the Most Exciting of Them Hanged Himself.

NEW ROCHELLE, Nov. 25.—Cedric E. Williamson, the sixteen-year-old son of Cedric Williamson, gardener for Leigh H. French at 185 Pelham Road, hanged himself yesterday by a piece of clothing to a drain pipe in the cellar of the gardener's cottage. The body was found by the boy's father last night.

Mrs. French, who is president of the Equal Franchise League of New Rochelle, was planning to have the boy sent to some quiet place away from the influence of motion pictures. Until a year ago he was a bright lad and a good student in the New Rochelle High School.

For some time since he spent all the money he could get for admission to motion picture shows in New Rochelle and New York. He preferred the exciting kind. One night last summer he saw the picture of a young woman who eloped, leaving a note for her aged father. That night Cedric wrote a similar note, left it on the dining room table and disappeared. He was gone three days and was found hiding under the porch, where he had been all the time. He was half starved.

On Wednesday Cedric's father took him to New York city to buy him a suit of clothes. Coming home early, he gave the boy money for a pair of new shoes and left him, expecting him to return that night. He did not see the boy again until he found his body hanging in the cellar. The maid in the French residence discovered that Cedric had broken into the kitchen on Thursday night and he had himself to a half loaf of bread and several pies and had disappeared again.

It was nothing but motion pictures that made the boy kill himself, "and his father to-day. He never talked of anything else and I guess it was the only thing he has thought of in the last two years. All last summer he and his friends used to play cowboys and bandits out here in the lots. They used to pull off mock holdups and have mock lynchings. A few days ago Cedric came home from New York and told me he had seen a lynching picture. It made him so excited that I thought I would have to lock him up. I guess it was that lynching picture that did it."

CROKER SUGGESTS GAYNOR

When Pressed to Say Something About Nominations in 1912.

Richard Croker departed yesterday for Florida, where he will spend the winter. He will be back next April and return to Ireland. Among his callers at the Democratic Club yesterday were reporters who sought to entice Mr. Croker into saying something about the national political situation. He fought them off for a time by repeating that he was out of politics for good and that anything he might say would be worthless because, as he explained, "I am really a stranger in politics in this State now, and what is the use of two boys asking me for information about matters on which you are posted a hundredfold better than I am."

Finally after a lot of pestering Mr. Croker said: "Well, I will say this. I think that Mayor Gaynor from New York is the point of view is the logical candidate of the Democratic party for President. He has made good and the Democrats of this State might do much worse than to work for the nomination of Mr. Gaynor. In saying that I am merely expressing my own opinion and I do not wish to be put in the light of speaking in favor particularly of any one of the several men for whom the nomination is being sought."

SEPARATE TRIALS GRANTED.

Alleged Hudson County Court House Graffiti Not to Be Tried in a Bundle.

In the matter of the application for severances in the cases of the fourteen persons jointly indicted for conspiring to defraud Hudson county, New Jersey, in connection with building and furnishing the new county court house in Jersey City, Supreme Court Justice Swartz decided yesterday that former Court House Commissioners Alexander Clements and William E. Smith shall be tried together before a jury, that former Court House Commissioner James P. McGovern shall be tried separately before a jury and that John J. Mulvaney, counsel to the commission, Hugh Roberts, the architect, Theodore Frankel, his draughtsman, Kermod F. Gill, Norman Kor and Judd E. Wells shall be tried in Special Sessions by a Judge. George C. Metzger and Leonard C. Herbert will also be tried in Special Sessions.

William G. Andrews and Robert A. Skinner have not yet appeared in court to enter pleas to the indictment.

13th Regiment to Lose Its Chaplain.

Rev. Dr. William C. P. Rhoades, pastor of the Mary Avenue Baptist Church in Brooklyn, will be asked to resign from his place as chaplain of the Thirtieth Regiment, Coast Artillery, at the close of the year as a result of the recent law fixing the age of retirement of National Guard officers at 64 years. Dr. Rhoades has been one of the most popular and efficient chaplains of the regiment and his loss will be greatly regretted both by the men and his fellow officers.

SAIL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdales

To Encourage Early Christmas Shopping We Have Inaugurated Many Special Sales in Christmas Goods.

Open a Charge Account at Bloomingdales' for Shopping Convenience! Applications of Responsible Persons Invited.

The advantages of a charge account at our store are manifold. Shopping is thereby greatly facilitated, for as a consequence there is no waiting for change, and all possible delays are eliminated.

To-morrow the Opening of Bloomingdales' Toyland!!

The best selected stock of toys and dolls in New York at the lowest prices anywhere is conveniently arranged in a generous area of the fourth floor at Bloomingdales. Playthings for toddlers, and everything for children of larger growth. Useful articles for growing boys and girls, scientific toys for inventive young Americans, together with a bewildering showing of

Dolls of the World and Dolls' Things

await the inspection to which you are cordially invited. Every type of dolls evolved by the genius of man is here, with wardrobes and accessories surpassing anything ever known in previous years.

Men's Dressing Gowns and Robes

A select showing of the smartest English and American fabrics, fashioned after the latest approved models, all at the consistently low prices that are such a pronounced feature of Bloomingdales'. No other stores give the value in Men's Blanket Robes at \$2.94 to \$8.98 and dressing gowns from \$5.74 to \$12.00.

The following special offerings for to-morrow are particularly interesting and appropriate.

Men's New Coat Style Blanket Robes, edge, pockets and cuffs trimmed with silk cord. \$5.44. Regularly \$7.50, special.

Men's \$8.00 California Woolen Blanket Robes, in a splendid variety of refined colors and patterns, special at \$7.48.

Men's Dressing Gowns, trimmed with silk cord edge, customarily \$7.50, at \$5.74.

Men's Dressing Gowns, fine imported cloths, regularly \$12.00, at \$8.95.

Men's Dressing Gowns, usually sold for \$10.00, special at \$7.48.

Men's \$1.00 P. K. Lambskin Gloves, 60c.

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The advent of the KEWANEE GARBAGE BURNER means the "Good-bye" of the garbage collector, with all the uncertainties, the foul odors and disease-spreading features of his calling. Ye gods! what "a consummation devoutly to be wished!"



WHERE DISEASE BEGINS.

What a travesty on modern government that we have permitted the garbage collector to live as long as we have! In this one thing all America is deficient. We're awake now—wide awake. The recent strike has opened our eyes. We have learned how asinine we are to put disease in the hands of these men to scatter as they will when things don't go to suit them.

The KEWANEE GARBAGE BURNER is the deliverance. It prevents the creation of garbage. With that steel chamber in use everywhere there can be no such thing as garbage. It burns the refuse from your kitchen while it is still wet and fresh. It hasn't a chance on earth to decay and draw rats, mice, flies and germs. It burns all the refuse around your premises, so that you take on a hospital cleanliness. Then see the children thrive and grow fat. Ask any competent physician who is versed in hygiene and sanitation whether this is advertising bunk or the good, old, everyday truth.

You folks who live in apartments and flats should never sign a lease until you know that a Kewanee Garbage Burner is in the building. It means a mighty lot to you—and even more to your children. It means health and pure air and decent surroundings. It means that your daily lives have taken on a cleaner tone. It means death to the foul garbage can. It means death to the filthy housefly—death to rats and mice and vermin—death to disease of the virulent type, such as diphtheria, typhoid fever, smallpox and their cheerful companions in crime.

The Kewanee Garbage Burner accomplishes more than the mere destruction of garbage and filth—more than the prevention of disease. The burning refuse acts as fuel and heats your hot water tank at a saving in fuel cost of from 30 to 50 per cent. Get wise to this proposition now and remember that the fact that your building is equipped with a Kewanee Garbage Burner is the biggest and best advertisement you can have.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY

Makers of BRICK-SET STEEL FIREBOX BOILERS, RADIATORS, TANKS AND KEWANEE WATER HEATING GARBAGE BURNERS.

Kewanee, Illinois

Branches: New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, and Los Angeles. New York Office, 47 W. 42nd St. Phone Bryant 6106.

Free Hat Pins Monday & Tuesday Only

WITH PEARLS Special 3.00 at

We are offering on the days mentioned a new quality of Fishkin Pearls in graduated ropes, having the delicate cream tint of the beautiful Oriental Pearls, including an artificial diamond and pearl cluster earring, regularly sold at \$5.00—Special—\$3.00. In order to introduce them more thoroughly we will give FREE to all purchasers of these pearls, on the days mentioned, a beautiful hat pin regularly sold for 50c.

Sale at Our Three Stores Monday and Tuesday only.

Frederick's CLASSIC JEWELER 479 Fifth Av., at 41st St. 905 Broadway, at 29th St. 1 West 24th St., Opp. Waldorf-Astoria.

THE LANE OF THE MAIDEN.

Jewellers Celebrate the Rural Past of the Street of Silver and Gold.

Called "Maiden Lane" in the days of New Amsterdam, being a rural path beside a stream still marked by the curved line of the present street, known during the early English period both as Green Lane and Maiden Lane, laid out as a street in 1624, began to assume the character of a jewelry district about 1850, created by the arrival of the Dutch.

This is the inscription on the tablet unveiled yesterday by the Maiden Lane Historical Society to the honor and glory of love making. You see at the top of the tablet one of the very pairs that gave the lane its name and sentiment—a charmingly simple Dutch maiden in linen cap strolling with a sturdy knickerbockered Dutch youth along the "merry little stream that rippled its way down the slope that still marks this locality."

As Albert Uman, historian of the society, pointed out yesterday, there is now the youth and maidens went out into the rural open to court, for this Maiden Lane was outside the city wall of New Amsterdam. A goodly crowd of jewelers gathered for the tablet dedication in the Silversmith's Building in Maiden Lane yesterday. Historian Uman remarked

too the very definite presence of the identical lover's lane sentiment of the original Dutch days.

The neighborhood of Maiden Lane was a truly rural region where lovers loved to linger and tell each other the old story which is forever new. The rural region is gone, but not the lovers—they still love to wander down to Maiden Lane, and Maiden Lane ever records them a cordial welcome. It sells rings to them and mugs to uncles.

In a short address Edward Holbrook, president of the Gorman company, the giver of the tablet, presented it to A. K. Sloan, president of the Maiden Lane Historical Society. Little Miss Lillian Babcock, the granddaughter of Mr. Sloan, unveiled the tablet. Dr. George F. Kunz of the American Science and Historic Preservation Society spoke. The Color Mole Quartet sang. The tablet will be placed on the eastern end of the facade of the Silversmith's Building, 15 Maiden Lane.

Sells His Old Field for \$200,000. CARLYLE, Ill., Nov. 25.—Frank B. Ranger, who opened the Carlyle old field in April, has sold his holdings, consisting of leases on 900 acres of land, including sixteen producing wells on the Smith farm, for \$200,000 to the Ohio Oil Company, a former branch of Standard.

Possession was given to-day. When Ranger drilled in his first well his finances were exhausted. He will retire from the business and go to California.

Prison and Fines for Moonshiners. The three moonshiners recently convicted in the Federal Court in Brooklyn of running illicit stills under the guise of running a restaurant yesterday by Judge Chaffee. Agat Willing and Harris Rustenberger got a fine of \$500 each and eight months in the Atlanta prison and William Silver a \$500 fine and a year's imprisonment.

GRAHAME-WHITE WINS POINT DIDN'T FOUL A PYLON AT BELMONT PARK AERODROME.

Statue of Liberty Award Reconsidered by Aviation Parliament at Rome. No Reflection on Officials of Great American Meet—Is It Settled Yet?

Special cable dispatch to THE SUN.

ROME, Nov. 25.—The aerial parliament, otherwise the International Aerodrome Federation, opened here this morning and will sit for a week. The conference will discuss the air worthiness of aeroplanes and the submission of exhaustive tests of efficiency, structural strength and controllability before the holding of examinations for the highest aviators' certificates, especially with regard to the use of aeroplanes for military purposes.